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ABSTRACT

A followup study of graduates from machine tool technology and building construction programs was conducted to determine the relevancy of programs to employment needs. The survey instrument was a mailed questionnaire designed to determine employment status and history, evaluation of the program, upgrading or retraining needs, and the adequacy of specific course offerings. A random sample of graduates was selected for a followup personal interview at their place of employment. Employers were also interviewed when possible. The report details the survey results in both narrative and tabular form. Also included are free response comments. Major findings include: 87.9% of the building construction graduates and 78.2% of the machine tool technology graduates held jobs'related to their training; graduates were generally satisfied with their curriculums but did offer suggestions for changes; and a majority of the respondents were interested in upgrading, retraining, and continuing education. The appendix to the report contains the cover letter, questionnaire, and curriculum evaluation check lists used in the survey. (RG).

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of

MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY

and

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

GRADUATES



EVALUATION REPORT August 1975

Principal Investigators:

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U S DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
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I. INTRODUCTION

The Machine Tool Technology and Building Construction programs date back to the initial creation of the Maine Vocational Technical Institute. Their main purpose was to prepare young men for initial employment in trade, or occupational areas, and to provide a background that would enhance advancement potential.

The study was designed to determine the following:

- 1. Employment status of graduates
- 2. Employment sequence since graduation
- 3. Program evaluation as perceived by graduates and employers
- 4. Up-grading/retraining needs of graduates
- 5. Graduate profile/employer evaluation profile for programatic restructuring and development.

Basically, the results of the study should determine how well the Machine Tool Technology and Building Construction programs are succeeding in their efforts to prepare well qualified employees.

II ·SURVEY PROCEDURES

Two full-time investigators were employed for a two-month period to identify graduates of the Building Construction and Machine Tool Technology curriculums for the classes of 1970, 1972, and 1974.

The study was designed to include both mail and interview techniques, therefore a random sample of those graduates living within a reasonable commuting distance of the Southern Maine Vocational Technical Institute was selected for interviews.

A follow-up opinionnnaire and check list(Appendix B, C, D) was validated on selected graduates, and mailed with a cover letter (Appendix A) to each graduate identified. Those selected for interviews were contacted at their place of employment, their opinionnaire collected, and employer interviewed when possible.

Of the seventy-three Building Construction graduates who were contacted, twenty-seven (27) returned opinionnaires by mail and nineteen (19) through personal interview for a 63.01% return.

Of the fifty-three (53) Machine Tool Technology graduates who were contacted, ten (10) returned opinionnaires by mail and nineteen (19) through personal interview for a 54.72% return.



TABLE I
PROGRAM GRADUATES

4	1970	1972	<u>1974</u> ,	TOTAL	-
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	28	18	27	73 ,	
MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY	22 50	<u>16</u> 34	· <u>15</u>	. <u>53</u> 126	

TABLE II
OPINIONNAIRES RETURNED
by MAIL

* * * * *					
	1970	1972	1974	TOTAL	
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	6 .	8	13	27	,
MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY	<u>2</u> 8	$-\frac{4}{12}$.	$\frac{4}{17}$	10 37	·

TABLE III OPINIONNAIRES RETURNED - at INTERVIEW

·		<u> </u>		_
.)	1970	1972	1974 ·	TOTAL
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	б	5.	. 8	. 19
MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY	$\frac{8}{14}$	$\frac{5}{10}$	$\frac{6}{14}$	<u>19</u> 38

TABLE IV PERCENT - OPINIONNAIRES RETURNED

III GENERAL EMPLOYMENT DATA

A majority of graduates who responded to the follow-up study were diploma graduates. A distribution, according to program and curriculum area, is shown in Table V.

TABLE V
GRADUATES BY PROGRAM

•	Associate	Diploma	#Total
• BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	17	29	46,
			*
· MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY	<u>_9</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>-29</u>
,	2 6	, 49	75

Tables six and seven illustrate the range of positions held by the graduates. All individuals contacted are currently employed with a majority of graduates from both curriculum areas working in the trade area, or one closely allied to it. Of the thirty-eight Machine Tool Technology graduates identified, thirty-one were employed in the trade or related areas, while forty-six out of fifty-one Building Construction graduates were also employed in the trade area for which they were trained.

Of those responding, 38.6% of the Buildon Construction graduates, and 65.7% of the Machine Tool Technology graduates, and present additional training or education as revealed in table seven.

TABLE 'I * .

EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF .

MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY, GOAD UATES*

Job Title .	Y	Total		
•	<u>1970</u>	1972	1974	•
Machinist	9 ·	8	6	23
Foreman	1		1	2
Engineering Assistant	1	1		' 1 ,
Mechanic	•			, 1
Welder		1		1
Production Control	1			1
^D raftsman	*	1	1	2
Mail Handler			1	1.
Tauck Daiver			1 "	1
Saw Mill Operator			· 1 .	1
Salesman-Insurance	1	1		1
nterance-Grower	1			1
reludes graduates who did		2		2

TABLE VII

EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF BUILDING CONSTRUCTION GRADUATES*

Job Title	, Ye	ar G <u>r</u> aduat	ed	Total
	1970	1972	1974	,
Carpenter	6	3	8	17
Foreman	1	1	1 .	. 2
Self-employed	2	4	1	7
Construction			1	1
Side Wall Mechanic		,	1	11
Cabinet Maker	1	1		2
Window Set-up		1		1
Building Inspector	1	· 1		2
Window Maker	1			1
Building Maintenance	1			11
Building Màterials				
Sales	1	1,	3	5
Shipper	<u> </u>	1	<u>.</u>	1
Operations * .		<u> </u>		
Coordinator		! 	* *	<u>' · 1</u>
Estimator-Draftsman	1		2	3
Engineering Technician	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1
Fire Fighter	11			· . 6 1
Pipefitter	1.	_		1
Armed Forces	1 '1	1		. 2
Veterans Coordinator '		1		<u>·. ·1</u>
				/ *51 ·

^{*}Includes graduates who did not return opinionnaire.



- 6-

An analysis of job information and sequence of employment is shown in Table VIII. With one exception, all respondents were employed in a full-time job upon graduation. Forty-two Building Construction graduates have held one job; thirteen, two; and twenty-eight, three since their graduation from The Southern Maine Vocational Technical Institute. A high percentage -87.9% - indicated their jobs were related to training received.

Twenty-nine Machine Tool Technology graduates have held one job; eighteen, two; and eight, three since graduation. Of the total reporting, 78.2% indicated their jobs were related to their training.

As noted, a large percentage of graduates are employed in the area for which they were trained. The following responses were received for the question:

"If you are not employed in area for which trained, please indicate why."

"There wasn't enough money when I graduated"

"Few jobs, available in Machine Tool work due to government out-back"

"I chose related area because of job demand close to home."

"Stayed with job I worked in during school-pay too good."

"Although I'm in a different job, my Southern Maine Vocational

"I'm a job hopper! At least three or four per year. After being away a long period of time, I lost interest in the field."

"No job available with same amount of pay:"

"Couldn't find a job in Building Trades that would last any "length of time."

"No dependable jobs available"

"I am employed in the area for which I was trained in that I must still be aware of construction and methods."

"I took emergency medical training while attending Southern Maine Vocational Technical Institute. My Building Construction training has helped in fire-fighting duties."

"I took a job in steel rather than wood construction."

ADDITIONAL TIME IN

BUILT	DING	CC.	1, 5	1	7.715	

	20	JI I/I/JI I I V	CALL CLANS				., -	• ,
,	1970	1972	197.1	,*	77.	1 26.	1974	Total
None	5	10	20	***		- 3	b	12
On-the-job	2	2	4 1	8	. 1.	2	2	8
Vocational School.		1	3	,	, 3	-1		б
University-College	2	?	, 3	· ·	7	1		3
Apprenticeship			-		1	1	, 1	. 2
Other	2]		.11	1	1	1 .	. 4

MONE

ON-THE-JOB

vocational school

UNIVERSITY/COLLEGE: ////// 13.3

APPRENICESHIP

OTHER

NOITHUONAL TRAINING BING STRUCTURED

BEL DING CONTENCTION

11111111111111111

% 0 10: 20 20 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 %

11

TABLE IX SEQUENCE OF JOBS RELATED TO TRAINING

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION GRADUATES

			•	J		•						
		1970		1 10	1972		4 ,	1974			TOŢĀL	S
-	11st	2nd	3rd	lst	2nd	Brri	1st'	2nd	3rd	· lst	2nti	3r
		1	į			7		72222	• / -	19/	-	-
FULL-TIME '	11	5 🕝	8	12	2	11	19,	6	9	42	13 -	2
PART-TIME			1		*		* 1		1	•	; - <u>,</u>	
JOB-RELATED TRAINING	9	3	6	12	1	1!	\$ 19	5	7	40	9	2
NOT-RELATED TRAINING	. 2	2	2		1	`		1	2.	2	H.	
,		,,	-								i	

MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY GRAD UATES!

FULL-TIME
PART-TIME
IOB-RELATED TRAINING
NOT-RELATED

1		1970	'		1972			1974			TOTAL	S 🕝
	1st	2nd	3rd	<u>lst</u>	2nd	3r-}	1 st	2nd	3rd	lst	2nd	<u> २rd</u>
	10	6	3	8	\$.	2 *	11	- 7	3	28	18	8
				l	•		1				' ,	
	9	3	2	8	5	2	9,	. 3	2	26	11	
	1	3	1	1			,2	4	1	; 4	<i>7</i> •	3

3rd

24

·• 28

TAPLE X

RELATIONSHIP - TPAINING TO JOB

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY

83 (LE)	• 7	3
NUMBER EMPLOYED		PARME

NUMBER
FMPLOYED
S
JOB-RELATED &

78.25

106-KELATED TERMING



IV PROGRAM DATA

CURRICULUM

Respondents were asked to rate the curriculum in the light of their experiences on the job. Table XI indicates that most individuals rated the curriculum as very good or excellent with only a smaller percentage - 28.3 - rating the programs as adequate. Only one respondent rated the curriculum as inadequate.

TABLE XI
CURRICULUM EVALUATION

	•				STRUCTIC	MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY					
•	İ	1970	1972	1974	TOTAL	· · · · ·	1970	1972	1974	TOTAL	
EXCELLENT	;	3	3	2	ห	,	3	1	3	. 7	ļ
VERY GOOD \star		-1	6	12			7	4	: 4	15	— [
ADEOUATE		5	2	7	- 10		, 1	4	2	7	
DOES NOT APPLY				·							

FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

Two questions were asked related to facilities and equipment. One concerned itself with the ability of the student to adapt from school to in-plant equipment, while the second was a rating of equipment in use at Southern Maine Vecational Technical Institute. Retranses to the questions are noted in Tables All and All.

73.0 of the Machine Tool Technology graduates and 73.2% of those in Bulling Corporation found it easy to adapt to industrial equipment. Small perfortances and a sme difficulty, whale there were none that found it difficult to adapt.



TABLE XII

STUDENT ADAPTABILITY TO EQUIPMENT QUESTION

Number	Responses		Q	UESTIC	$M^{-\frac{1}{2}}$		٠.			:	
B/C	M/T/T			-	•	•					
30	23	I found i	t very easy	to adar	t to	equi	pmen	t on	the j	òb.	•
4	4 -	I had son	ne difficulty	adapt:	ing t	o equ	lpme	ent o	n the	job.	, • <u>.</u>
. 0	0	I found i	t difficult to	adapt	to e	quipi	nent	on th	ne jo	ь.	1
7.	2 *	DOES NO	OT APPLY								
, 1	EASY TO AD SOME DIFF DIFFICULT DOES NOT	CULTY	7/19.8% 0% 0% 0% 1////11	s page and on relief	////	-		///		%' • .3 %	•
),	_		°40 10 2	0 30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100 %

A comparison of school equipment revealed that a majority of the respondents in 19th Building Construction and Machine Tool Technology felt that the equipment in use at the Vocational-Technical Institute was similar to that in use on the job. A smaller percentage - 27.3° - felt equipment was superior, and 9% indicate that I was interior to that found on the job - Table XIII reveals little difference in moorises if students in either program.



TABLE NIII

COMPANISON OF SCHOOL TO INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT QUESTION

* mber	Responses	OUËSTION -
·r/c	M/7/T	
10	. 8	The Vocational-Technical equipment was superior to that on the job
, 24	18	The Vocational-Technical equipment was similar to that on the job
3	3	The Vocational-Technical equipment was inferior to that on the job
	8	
	SUPERIOR	27.6%
*	· -SIMIL AP	//////////////////////////////////////
	·INFERIOR	3 0- 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 %
B/C M/T/T	<u> </u>	

INSTRUCTION

Ċ

Participants responded to four questions related to instruction concerned with quality of teaching, knowledge possessed by instructors, interest expressed by instructors, and the extent to which instructors were up-to-date in their field.

Table XIV indicates student satisfaction with quality of instruction.
69.87 of the Building Construction graduates and 96.4% of those in Machine Tool Technology rated instruction as very well. Eleven respondents - 25.6% - of Building Construction graduates rated instruction as about the same, while 3.6% of Machine Tool Technology graduates responded. Only two Building Construction graduates rated instruction as poor. The table reveals greater satisfaction with instruction in Machine Tool Technology than that of the Building Construction program.

TABLE XIV

HING OUALITY OF INSTRUCTORS

RESPONSE B/C M/T/330 27 $\overline{11}$ 1

0

QUESTION

The instructors taught very well.

About the same as other instructors

The instructors did not teach well.

.,	VERY WELL		<u>.</u> !/// <u>/</u>	// <u>/</u> //	<u> </u>	////	7///	1111	7 69	9.8%		-1 0.C 40/
	ABOUT SAME	1/	///// 3.69		25	.6%	+	us o jest iškim usadar		*****		96.4%
,	DID NOT TEACH	H (71 4. 0%		,		,	•,				,
•	•	% 0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100 %
B/C M/T/T	///////////////////////////////////////			,, * k			,					

Respondents rated their instructors as very knowledgeable in their subject and occupational area. Table XV reveals that 90.3% of the Building Construction and 93.1% of the Machine Tool Technology graduates rated their instructors as very knowledgeable, while 9.7% and 6.9% respectively, rated them about the same as other instructors. No responses were made in the not knowledgeable area.

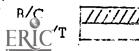
TABLE XV KNOWLEDGE OF VOCATIONAL INSTRUCTORS

KES	PONSE
B/C	M/T/T
37	27
4	2
0	0

· QUESTION

Instructors were very knowledgeable About the same as other instructors Instructors were not knowledgeable.

VERY KNOWLEDGEABLE ABOUT SAME 6.9% NOT KNOWLEDGEABLE 10 20 40 50



When asked to respond to the question of instructor interest in student work and progress. 55.0% of the Building Construction, and 75.8% of the Machine Tool Technology graduates indicated that instructors were very interested. Sixteen, or 40.0% of the Building Construction, and 24.2% of the Machine Tool Technology respondents felt that instructors were somewhat interested, while two Building Construction respondents felt their instructors were not interested in their progress.

TABLE XVI INSTRUCTOR INTEREST

RESPONSE B/C M/T/T 22 22 16 7 2 0

. OUESTION

Instructors were very interested in my progress
Instructors were somewhat interested in my progress
Instructors were not interested in my progress

60 70 80

B/C //////// M/T/T Instructors were rated as up-to-date to 79.6% of the Building Construction, and 79.3% of the Machine Tool Technology graduates. Less than 20% rated them as about the same as other instructors, while fewer than 10% indicated their instructors were not up-to-date. See Table XVII

TABLE XVII

EXTENT IN WHICH INSTRUCTORS WERE UP-TO-DATE

RESP	ONSE	QUESTION						•				
B/C	M/T/T							x*				
13	23	Instr	uctors we	ere up-t	o-da	te	1	•	\	,		
7	5	, Abou	it the sam	ne as ot	her i	nstru	ctors	3				-
, 4	1	Instr	Instructors were not up-to-date									
B/C M/T/1	ABC UP-	TO-DATE UT SAME NOT TO-DATE	7.5%	2.9% 17.3% 20 36	///// - - 40	50	60	70	7' 7'9] 79 _80	.6% .3%	100	%



A final question under instruction was: If you could start all over again, would you choose the same vocational training program? 83.3% of Building Construction, and 74.1% of Machine Tool Technology graduates responded positively. Their responses would indicate general satisfaction with instruction and the training programs.

TABLE XVIII

CHOICE OF TRAINING PROGRAM IF ONE STARTED-OVER AGAIN

RESPONSE				
M/T/T				
20				
`7				

Ye's No

YE3	11/11	7///	////	7///	7/1/	4/11	1111	[[]]	83.	3%
MC	11111	1 16	.7%	5. 9.3			` `	74.	.1%	-
<u> </u>	10	20				60	<i>7</i> 0	80	90	-100%



General comments related to choosing the same program were:

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

- No "Too much competition. Building Construction instructors brainwashed us making us think we would be so valuable."
- Yes "Although the methods of instruction were only basic to the field, they provided the proper knowledge needed to develop greater outside..."
- No "Now I am a Christian, before I wasn't while attending Southern Maine Vocational Technical Institute. My values of life and attitudes have changed. There is more to life than making a dollar."
- Yes "It has been very helpful at my present job."
- No "Would have chosen a program more related to wildlife and nature."
- Yes "I am very interested in the building field, but I would try to get the instructors to see my point of view, which were much better and easier."
- Yes "I felt the Building Construction course was taught very good, and the instructors were good in their field."
- Yes "I wish that they would have training on the job not a mock-up but I know it's almost impossible."
- "Yes "I would work on a construction job for at least a year before taking the Vocational program. I feel it would give me a better understanding of the Vocational Training Program."
- No "Original intent was to be a carpenter, but I should have realized I did not have background before starting the course. The Drafting and Blueprint Reading course helped me find a most rewarding opportunity."
- Yes "The Building Construction program covers a wide range of topics to get our feet wet. I believe they have done an excellent job in preparing mc for my vocation."
- Yes "Because I like the construction field where there are changes every day."
- Yes "I feel the training helped me get my present job."
- Yes "If they had a course dealing in more steel and cutting and welding; these were not in my course."
- No "Would have taken Associate degree."



- Yes "I like the construction field."
- Yes "I feel as though some classes were a waste of time. Also, some of the topics were drawn out to an unnecessary amount of time."
- No "In light of the economy, probably not, but I have something I can always use."
- Yes "But found training not adequate to field needs of communicating to other trades and trade areas."

MACHINE TOOL

- No "The opportunity in the Southern Maine area is limited in this field.

 Unior dues are high for the amount of benefits, and job security is non-existent."
- Yes "In the type of work I'm doing, trutifully, I would like more bluepring reading and layout."
- Yes "The training I received was the very best at the time I received it."
- Yes "Unless I could work in a good apprenticeship program."
- Yes I would do as I have recommended to others, that is to put both years in at Southern Maine Vocational-Technical Institute rather than one of the other Vocational Technical Institutes."
- No "I would get a course with more welding because of the demand in this area, and I like it better."
- No "The only reason I say no is because for all of the responsibility and education needed in this field, the hourly wages are below that of some unskilled positions."
- No "This field does not allow for much advancement."
- Yes "I don't think that the Elective courses were that good as far as pertaining to the Machine Tool Trade."
- Yes "It has done the most for me to get acquainted with millright work."
- No "Not during the present econòmic situation"
- 'ies "and I would like to see more Numerical Control equipment and, maybe
 more in Tool and Cutter Sharpening.";



SCHOOL AND COMMUNITY SERVICES

Participants responded to three questions related to school and community services. They were concerned with interest shown by instructors, assistance in obtaining a first job, and services provided by vocational instructors.

Table XIX reveals that ten, or 23.8% of the Building Construction graduates, and six, or 21.4% of the Machine Tool Technology graduates felt instructors were very interested in their work and progress after graduation. Twenty-four, or 57.2% of the Building Construction and seventeen, or 60.7% of the Machine Tool Technology graduates indicated they were somewhat interested; while eight, or 19.0% of the Building Construction, and five, or 17.9% of the Machine Tool Technology graduates indicated that instructors were not interested.

TABLE XIX
INSTRUCTOR INTEREST IN GRADUATES

RESPONSE	QUESTION		•	
B/C M/T/T	•			•
10 6 Very	interested in pro	gress		
24 17 Some	ewhat interested			
8 1 5 Mot	interested in prog	gress		
	* ************************************	•	·	,
VERY INTERESTED		3.8%	•	
L		.4%	•	•
SOMEWHAT INTERESTED	· :////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////	7.2%	
The state of the s	endi = edere sees - virallandelle - vira, Mandeire viralge et al uni			3,
NCT	1//// 19.0)%	•	
INTERESTED	17.97	5		•
	•			-
	%0 10 20 3	<u>30 40 50 60</u>	70 80	90 100 %
Company of the compan		•	The same	
B/C. ///////.			*	
M/T/T	*	•		

In response to the question "Who was the greatest help to you in securing your first job?" Respondents from both programs indicated a pattern of uniformity as revealed in Table XX. Assistance was uniformly distributed amongst the instructor, relative and friends and other sources with little assistance from the State and private employment agencies.

Sixteen, or 36.4% of the Building Construction, and ten, or 38.5% of the Machine Tool Technology graduates indicate other sources of assistance. They included the following:

Held job prior to graduation
Myself
The school placement
Previous employer
Previous graduate
Second job
Summer job
Newspaper

TABLE XX

SOURCE OF GREATEST HELP IN SECURING FIRST JOB

RE	SPONSE
B/C	M/X/T
11	8
3/	1
12	7
1	0 '
16	10.
1	0

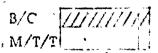
SOURCE

Instructor, or other vocational-technical personnel Private employment agency Relatives or friends. State employment agency

Other

Does not apply (I have not been employed during the year)

INSTRUCTOR	2/////// 25.0%
PRIVATE AGENCY	// 6.8%
RELATIVES AND FRIENDS	7//////// 27.2% 26.9%
STATE EMPLOY- MENT AGENCY	0.0
OTHER '	7//////////////36.4% 38.5%
DOES NOT APPLY	7 2.3%
,	



A final question under School and Community Services related to swevices provided by the vocational instructors. Tables XXI and XXII indicate responses for graduates of both programs. A large majority did not avail themselves of the services provided. Of those Building Construction graduates who responded, most rated the services as good, with some excellent, and a few in the poor category.

The Machine Tool Technology graduates were much more critical of the services provided. Although many indicated they were good, a larger number checked the poor category, with fewer responses as excellent.

TABLE XXI >

UTILIZATION OF INSTRUCTOR SERVICES BY BUILDING CONSTRUCTION GRADUATES

<u>SERVICE</u>		R	ESPONS	<u>F.</u>	•
	lent	-			
	Excell	Good	Poor	Does	Repuly
1. Job placement	5_	18	4	15	• '
2. Counseling with personal problems	5	<u>· 11</u> ,	4	22	
3. Help in making career decisions	4	13	2	23	•
4. Help in securing part-time employment.	1_	17	1	20	
5. Help in obtaining financial assistance .	6	. 10	<u>'1</u> ,	25	*
6. Youth organizations	1	12	2	28	•
Recreational programs		13 4	1/2	18	•
8. Study, library and other learning resource facilities	15	14	1	11	-

A James Lange

TABLESON FOR NOTHING TO TRACES

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PECOLITIES TILLS

bempondents when assed to how one energies the amount renormend in the Building Construction or Macrama to I open to a programs.

Ceneral comments, and recommendations of Saldan Construction angulates were:

- 1. The school has completely changed, and I feel unable to comment.
- 2. "A more passe knowledge of the tools and manufacturing procedures of todat's building industry through projects such as the planning and eraction of modular Lomes and/or other meaningful projects. I relieve students would absorb more in this manner than if they were to erect mack-up buildings; only to see them dismantled at a later date."
- 3. "A new course combining stempth of materials, estimating and product crowledge should be introduced into the broaden. A little more emphassis to specific trade, rather than liberal afts education. Related liberal arts courses are percentaged to a deduce, but specialization is the frend today, and will be in the fitter. "Coational education must from to mention for environmental and trachomal needs."
- "More related shot; less of the of secondess like English and American Literature."
 - If we ld suggest putting more emphasis on work in the shop areas and items irrectly affecting energian wile in the field, such as all types if lumbe construction techniques, something plueprint reading should have a bit more time do noted to clash and how to operate a building positionary imposses on lost extend ind, less emphasis on. Enablish, due to the tart that most becomes today have a secretary who should be capable of bandling to since of the business. I would not used and changes."
 - . The some of were increased in the safe of
 - "I would recommend a teacher who is not service oriented; by this, I have an that to do by the coop all the time is not always the right way. Comeone with a dood denoted ban-group i, and who keeps up-to-date with current operations, and who doe in't count the final as the whole grade at the end of the year. There is more to a course than one test."
- 8. "All the courses I have taken at Couthern Maine Vocational-Technic I institute were ekay, but I fee! they subula be un-dated as the years go by. Mrown personal opinion of Couthern Maine Vocational-.

 Technical institute is that it is a very god and well informed trade a school that is very useful and peneficial to anyone who attends it. I



28

of the branch there is a solution to will as thinking and the control of the many as the branch of the control
- O. A course in the larges offere court to those would be helpful to student a planning to start a becomes a to in two. I believe that more emphasis phould be guinant a switching and management; including ordar, construction losses, incomettex problems, and Social Security requirements to the exployer. This would be more inclinable to the problems a problems as foces when it is being formed.
- 19. If which love to see and him for that it proves a new workshop.
 I tend that the room was breated. If there were more room, transmits conducte present destrains with more room, the safety would be greater. I at a potent would at an time restrict and SUCTI in any course to absorb about a life felt it while is to their advantage. It is a corregulation.
- Ity can a long, the tell-warm our office who all pand in excretice to a common to be a common - นั้นและ กับกระดี และ Proportion be a partie and a society or common and problem ดังขุน ข้าย การ ใหญ่ and b beaution of a the proportion of the first beautiful in the Bullian (Tomber of the Common C
- 18. It would be not been noticed in the shape, notice as of nameds, or other nameds on the state of a state of nameds, or other terms and one of the same of the state of the same of t
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ranser making. New I've had four-five years experience, and I would be interested in teaching it to others as a hobby."



- 16. "I haven't been in close communication with the school as I would have liked to, but I found that that parts of the Building Construction program was out-dated. I was also disturbed to find that some of the teachers were more concerned about their status than their students' interest. Finally, I believe that the basic grammar, spelling-sentence structure, cookse was extremely poor, as you might notice in my comment."
- 1". "I think that more time should be spent on estimating material and laker costs."
- 18. "More practice in laying out framing. More knowledge and use of new construction methods, such as pre-built wall systems, modular housing, power nailing. More understanding of the different sub-contractors that work on a house.",
- 12. Buildin: Construction should be extended to a three year program; so in the sound has to be crammed into two fears. Some up-dating of the fear power techniques of building. Many more."
- .19. They will courses that are translated to the trade. Students encolled to be a part of construction and the npw related subject destroy interest is the original intent. Building construction (shop) itself is set to and arought across year we'l."
- Therefore the enorman is more well protocother. Except for spending west and or heat and sound, I would leave it alone."
- for a rear so off points more derib so working with,or along with other to been in related fields such as flumbers, electricians, etc.

 Corno durb & odd objer localities come as contracts, building permits, and the off plant above of, etc.
- 11. In the state of the more productive controls besides the modulars. At the control of the modulars, and the modulars,



- 25. "I would give the students the opportunity to take welding and cutting. Also, I would have more credit hours in drafting. The time put in in class and out of class is not justified with three credits."
- 26. "A little more person to person relationship between instructor and students."
- · 27. "Should have a better business course to teach how to get into business."
 - 28. "That the course be changed all to an associate degree program."
 - 29. "The Building Construction program should have more smaller projects, such as interior finish stairs (manufactured), and the installation of these. Cabinet making and design should be more stressed than it was. Maybe the number of students should be cut down a bit. More individual attention to the student should be given. Aluminum and vinyl siding application should be taught. Modern techniques and tools should be incorporated."
 - 30. "At the time of my education at SMVTI, Mr. Martin, who was head of the department, was wasting a lot of our shop time on what most of the class thought was not needed in our field. I think that more of the basic carpenter skills would help the student considerably."
 - 31. "The Building Construction program should have some kind of elective or electives." Modern Technology should have every opportunity to excell."
 - 32. "In Building Construction I needed more advanced text book material (especially in carpentry). I needed to be shown techniques on specialty tools; examples: masons' and plasterers' trowels, hammer-tackers, hardwood floor nailing machine, grinders, etc. I needed to be more acquainted with needs of other related fields like plumber, electrician, mason, excavator, well driller, telephone and electrical supplier."
 - 33. "Building Construction more organization for both freshman and seniors; more participation by students."
 - 34. "I think the class was too large for the students to get full benefit out of the course. Also, too much time was spent on steel construction. I would liked to have learned more about wood."



General comments of Machine Tool Technology graduates were:

- 1. "More training in designing and making things, where you could do the welding and machining; more along the idea of a job shop."
- "Forget about associated subjects like English, physics; concentrate just on machine shop studies, shop theory, and machine shop practice."
- 3. "More set-up work."
- 4. "I wouldn't recommend any changes, but I think from my experiences, blue print reading and engineering drawing I found very useful. From this standpoint, any further development of these programs would be of great help to the student.
- 5. "Adequate time to learn job set-ups."
- 6. "I feel they should introduce Engineering Drawing and Design. This particular course not only opens another field, it makes him very knowledgable of blueprints. Less physics and more hydraulics, and some electricity.
- 7. "If the program could include some type of on-the-job training with the companies in the immediate area, it might open the eyes of some companies for placement after graduation."
- 8. "Intensify training in machining more exotic materials for special applications in industry and science. Materials to be considered: glass, quartz, fiberglass, plastic, ceramic, vapor deposits of metals. The design and manufacture of special tooling for the above materials. Lapping machines, chemical cleaning and plating of metals."
- 9. "More N/C Math (Trig), Blueprint Reading. Much more instruction on use of Machinist Handbook.

 Eliminate instruction on quick change gear lathes (out-dated).

 Eliminate most of the English classes except for associate degree students.

 Eliminate instruction on gear cutting (too many auto machs.)."
- 10. "I would recommend more training on the use and selection of carbide tools."
- 11. "After the first year, let the student decide what courses he wants to take. By that time, he would have a better understanding of the course. In my case, I would have rathered to branch off into welding."



- 12. "Less time spent memonizing formulas and theories. More instruction on reference materials available and proper use and application of **them."
- 13. "I had a course on threads which I felt wasn't needed."
- 14. "I strongly recommend eliminating related subjects, such as English Comp. and Literature, Sociology, Economics, and especially Political Science in favor of more time involved with actual shop work. I do feel that Machine Tool Technology's first year program is adequate, but the second year should have more time allowed for shop and inspection procedures."
- 15. "More up-to-date machinery so more up-to-date methods can be taught."
- 16. "To allow for more shop work in MTT."
- 17. "1) Modernize Machine Tool program; 2) add more machine maintenance courses; 3) more related courses (electronics)."
- 18. "More time on the machines"-
- 19. "Have more work with N/C and concentrate on closer tolerances."
- 20. "Up-grade the automatic and tape machine training."
- 21. "I think with the way things are going to automation, and going very much quicker, the instructors should put more interest in numerical control and fluid power, and not on the older types of lathes with manual gears. Granted, this is important to know, but I don't think that it is more important than what this field is coming to."
- 22. "I'don't think there is any need of going into change gears the extent that we did. (MTT)"
- 23. "More emphasis should be placed on numerical control. S.M.V.T.I. most definitely have a N.C. tane lathe along with its N.C. millers. Much of the older equipment should be replaced with the newer and more modern equipment."
- 24. "I have not worked in the field enough to know if the instruction is upto-date or not, but this would be the only down-fall."
- 25. "Discentinue a lot of elective courses that should have been taught in high school. Adopt more programs that pertain to machine tool,"
- 2°. "From my viewpoint an one who had prepious experience. I would have liked to gone into other areas more deeply.

 There was a lot of material covered there for a two-year pregram for a heginner to consume effectively."



UPGRADING, RETRAINING, CONTINUING EDUCATION

Participants were asked to indicate interest in upgrading, retraining, or continuing education offerings. Of the 55 Building Construction respondents, 14, or 25%, indicated an interest in upgrading; 19, or 34.5% indicated an interest in retraining; 10, or 18.2% expressed interest in continuing education of a general nature; while 12, or 21.8% expressed no interest.

Machine Tool Technology respondents indicated that 8, or 22.9% were interested in up-grading; 10, or 28.6%, were interested in retraining; 12, or 34.3%, were interested in continuing education of a general nature, and 5, or 14.2%, expressed no interest.

Table XXIII provides a graphic presentation of responses.

TABLE XXIII

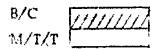
INTEREST IN UP-GRADING, RETRAINING and CONTINUING EDUCATION

	Res	ponse*
	B/C	M/T/T
-	14	8
-	19	10
	10	12
	12	5

Question

Up-grading courses to reinforce/support training Retraining courses reflecting newer techniques Continuing education of general nature No interest

	-	111111	11111	3 25 1	7.04						_ see or selection
UP-GRADING	. 2										
retraining		/////	7777	28		5%		. *	-	•	
CONTINUING EDUCATION	2	[]]]]]	/ 18	 -	•	3 %		,			
NO-INTEREST	12		From M. San Property and		, ,						*** *
	<u> </u>	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	. 80	90	100%
	RETRAINING CONTINUING EDUCATION	CONTINUING EDUCATION NO INTEREST	RETRAINING CONTINUING EDUCATION NO INTEREST	RETRAINING CONTINUING EDUCATION NO INTEREST 14.2	122.9% RETRAINING	RETRAINING 122.9%	RETRAINING 7////////////////////////////////////	RETRAINING //////////////////////////////////	RETRAINING	RETRAINING	RETRAINING 7////////////////////////////////////





Respondents were given an opportunity to indicate course offerings which they would like to see offered in order to meet their up-grading, retraining and/or continuing education interests. Responses were:

Building Construction -

- 1. "A course in prefabrication for homes. It should also include design and erection of the prefabricated units by the students."
- 2. "I believe that most companies can provide its own advancement training, and if not, adequate courses are available now."
- 3. "Course in development planning for subdivisions." -
- 4.. "Industrial Pipefitting."
- 5. "Courses in concrete and code laws."
- 6. "Refresher courses in framing, roofing, cabinet making, and new methods of siding."
- 7. "Architectural Drawing for personal use."
- 8. "Newer techniques and processes used in residential house construction all areas."
- 9. "More plumbing, electrical and masonary related to building construction. How to work with subs."
- 10. "Cabinet making"
- 11. "Architectural drafting and blueprint reading on a commercial basis; schools, nospitals, etc.."
- 12. "Newer techniques being developed."
- 13. "Steel construction, methods of construction, business management related to construction trades; codes, concrete, new materials."
- 14. "Get more into business."
- 15. "Actual training in new techniques."
- 16. "Courses in starting and managing a small building business; more on estimating for new construction and remodeling."



- 17. "More on modular construction and prefabs."
- 18. "Data on new building materials."
- 19. "Acquiring bids, landscaping, permits, waterworks, real estate."
- 20. "A more advanced course that gets into specialities of construction."
- 21. "A course on codes and other related codes needed in the construction industry."
- 22. "A course in how to become a building contractor; include training on using means book and estimating."

Machine Tool Technology - .

- "Specialized courses in quality control, production control, manufacturing management."
- 2. "A course on newer processes and new ways of set-up."
- "Supervisory courses."
- 4. "Machine design and strength of materials"
- 5. "Special courses for up-grading and retraining"
- 6. "Full-time course in welding".
- 7. "Occasional seminars for up-dating, and latest advancements of our trade."
 - 8. "Course on carbides and other new cutting tools and their uses."
 - 9. "How to communicate with people; how to make decisions; how to run a successful business."
- 10. "Numerical Control"
- 11. "New types of lathes and machines along with numerical control and quality control."
- 12. "I would like to keep up with numerical control computer applications"
- 13. "Foundry and forging knowledge",



V CURRICULUM EVALUATION

Tables XXIV through XLVII indicate Building Construction graduate responses, or ratings of all courses included in their curriculum.

A majority of Building Construction respondents indicated that 14 of the 24 courses were okay/adequate, with smaller percentages indicating increases, reduction, or change. Elimination, or reductions were recommended for American Literature and General Physics I and II. Increases were recommended for Business Management I, Blueprint Reading and Sketching, Architectural Drafting, Surveying, and Building Construction - BC 212. 62 specific changes were noted for 19 courses.

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

TABLES XXIV through XLVII

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

TABLE XXIV

COMMUNICATIONS

••	- Number	<u>Percentage</u>
Eliminate	3 .	8.8
Reduce.	5	14.8
OK-Adequate	22	64.7
Increase	3	8.8
Change	1_	21.9
¥ 1	34	100.0

*	Eliminate	Reduce	CC-Adoquate	Increase	Change
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Change Comments:

1. "Work with a set of specifications.

Mr. Paralis - excellent delivery and emphasis in all English courses."



TABLE XXY

COMMUNICATIONS, II

		. Number	Percentage
,	.Eliminate	1	3.4
	i, Reduce	2	6.9
4	OK-Adequate	25 •	86.3
	Increase	1	3.4
,	Change	<u>0</u> 23	100.0
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Change Comments:

None

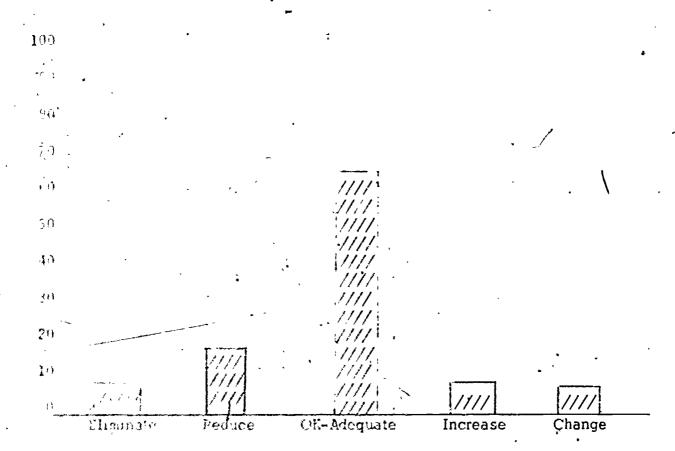
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TABLE XXVI

T JIST COMPOSITION

	•	Number	<u>Percentage</u>
Eliminate		3	7.7
Reduce	•	6	15.4
OK-Adequate	•	25	64.1
Increase	-	3	7.7
Change	•	$\frac{2}{39}$	$\frac{5.1}{100.0}$





HYZZ JJ8AT

AMERICAN LITERATURE

•			Number	Ŀ	<u>'ercentage</u>
Eliminate			15		42.9
Recluce		•	6	V.	17.1
OK-Adequate	,		12	•	34.4
Increase	7		1 .	1	2.8
Change			<u>1</u> 35		$\frac{2.8}{190.0}$

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Change Comments:

Eliminate

1. "Mr. George Paradis is one of the most outstanding instructors I've had at either SMVTI, for UMPG."

Increase

Change

OK-Adequate

2. "Eliminate - taught in high school."

Reduce

3: "Eliminate - irrevelent."



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-41TABLE YXX

MATHEMATICS II

,	Number	Percentage
Eliminate	. 1	2.6
Reduce	1.	2.6
OK-Adequate	. 26	68.4
Increase	8	21.2
Change	38	$\frac{5.2}{100.0}$

- 1. "Eliminate logs stress trigonometry."
- 2. "Increase application of logarithms and trigonometry."

TABLE XXXI

WILLIAM INTERNOLOGICAL SECTIONS

	Number	Percentage
Eliminate	0	0.0
Reduce	1 ′	2.3
OK-Adequate	16	36.4
Increase	25	56.8
Change	$\frac{2}{44}$	$\frac{4.5}{100.0}$
<i>'</i>		*

- "Many students were held lack in this course class participation by the students who did not study - "Word them wut"."
- "This is a vital part of the program, or hans a Dodge Sun Nachine (micro-film). There is a receit out to with the times."
- 3. "Need more actual tob bluencint; and layout made available."
- 4. "Apply or rolate class of Gold of curt."



TARLY FOLL

INTROVERED BY ARCHITECTURED CHARTING

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	CHI-Adequate	24		55.8
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	िश्वम्ह	1 1	7	<u>2.3</u> 199.8

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TABLE XXXIII

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTING

4	Number	Percentage
Eliminate	1	2.3
Reduce	1	2.3
OE-Adequate	19	42.2
Increase	20	.44.4
C1-ange	· <u>4</u>	8.8
,	45	100.0

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- 1. 'Circ ctudents assignments to draw as would be the case in an architectural form."
- 2. "Make it less complicated."

TABLE XXXIV

GENERAL PHYSICS I'

٠	•			More bou	Pore	ဝင်္ကtagg	
	•	•		<u>Number</u>	rerc	entage	
	Elimina	te		6 ·`		15.4	Jak
	Reduce		1	, ro		25.6	
	OK-Ade	quate		18		46.2	,
	Increas	se .		2 .		5.2	
•	Change	•	•	39	•	7.6	
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	Eliminate	Reduce	. Ol	-Adequate	Increase	Change	

- 1. "Increase Strength of Materials."
- 2. "Instructor weak on delivery and should be related to shop."
- 3. "Course not related to principal course of study."
- 4. "We should learn only things pertaining to our field.".



TABLE XXXV

GENE	RAI.	PH	ſΥ	'SI	CS	II

CAT 141	BRALL LATING	*	·\		
•	·		Number	Percenta	ige_
	Eliminat	е	À	19.	4
	Reduce	•	10 \.	27.	8
	OK-Ade	quate .	17	47.	•
	Increas	9	j /	2.	
	. Change	۶	$\frac{1}{36}$	$\frac{2.}{100.}$	<u>8</u> 0
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	Eliminate	Reducr	OK-Meguate	Increase	Change

- "Instructors Crapnic ability increased the development of many." \
 "Course not related to principal course of study."

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TABLE XXXVI

TECHNICAL PHYSIC'S I

•		Number	Percentage
	Eliminate	3, .	10.7
	Reduce	7	25.0
	OE-Adequate	15	53.6
	Increase	1	3.6
•	, Change	2 38	$\frac{7.1}{100.0}$

	Eliminate	Redute	Ch-Adequate	Increase	Change
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Change Commenter | Work

TABLE WXXVII

TECHNICAL PRYSICS II

		•	Number	Percentage
Eliminate.		•	2	7.1
Reduce	•		5	-17.9
ÔK-Adequate			17.	60.7
Increase	*		,3	10.7
Change			1 29	$\frac{3.6}{100.0}$

	Eliminate	- Peduce	OK-Adequate	Increase	Change
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Charge Comments: | None

TABLE XXXVIII

STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

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		• .	. 1	Number	Percentage.
	در	Eliminate		0	. 0.0
	•	Reduce		ì	2.3
	•	-OK-Adequate	•	25	56.8
•		Increase .	• ,	17	38.6
	-	Change		1	2.3
		¥		44	100.0
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TABLE YXXXX

SUR	VEYING		Number	. Percenta	ige .
	Elimi	nate	9	9.0	,
Č	, Redu		4	9.3	
		dequate	16	37.2	·
*	· Incre		. 22	5'1.2	<u>,</u>
	Chan	ge	$\frac{1}{43}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.3 \\ 100.0 \end{array}$	
	÷				Q
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10		and the second	244. 1344:		•
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***************************************	Eliminate ·	Reduce	CE-Adequate	Increase	Change

- 1. "Double it.".
- "There should be a separate program on surveying."
 "Increase teacher-student-course istrictly numbers)."

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TABLE XLI

BUSINESS MANAGEMENT I

	<u>Number</u> .	Percentage
Eliminate	2	5.4
Reduce	,1	2.7
OK-Adequate	14	37.8
Increase	15	40.5
Change	<u>5</u> 37	$\frac{13.5}{100.0}$

100 90 9970 60 50 -40 77/17 30 //// . 20 ///// 10 //// ///// Eliminate Reduce OK-Adequațe Increase Change

- 1. "Emphasize small business bookkeeping and organization."
- 2. "Small Business course."
- 3. "Instructor fails to relate. Plans through the subject matter with no concern to application."
- 4. "I would like to see more done in area of owning a small business."



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	Reduce	<u> </u>	भ	and only The Sound	
	OK-Ad	equate	3.7	1 5 2	
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TABIE XLIV

BUILDU G CONSTRUCTION - PC111

		Number	Percentage
•	Eliminate	0	0.0
	Reduce	0	0.0
	OK-Adéquate	31	70.5
	Increase	13	29.5
	Change	_0	0.0
		44	100.0
3.4			

% 100 90% 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 Eliminate OK-Adequate Reduce Increase Change

- 1. "More on product knowledge and estimating"
- "Eliminate erection of batter boards."
- "Increase lot and foundation layout and use of transit, buying, estimating material needs and roof framing."
- 4. "Excellent course."



TABLE XLY

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION		BC112
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,		Number	Percentage	
	Eliminate	0	0.0	•
	Reduce	2	4.5	
	OK-Adequate	27	61.4	
	Increase	· 15	34.1	
	Change	$\frac{0}{44}$	$\frac{0.0}{100.0}$	•
		44 .	100.0	,
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80	,			
70	,			
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50		141111		
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30 .		VIII -	4 7717 - 4777	
20		MM MM, 5	1111	
10	1777/1	(1114) (1111) (1111)	11112 11117	
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Eliminate

- Change Comments:

 1. "Estimating increased."
 2. "Less time on dry-wall."
 3. "Excellent"

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BYMORIC CONSTRUCTION - BC212

	Number		Percentage
Eliminate	0		0.0
Reduce	1.		2.3
OK-Adequate	20	4.75-	45.5
Increase	20	/	45.5
Change _	$\frac{3}{44}$		$\frac{6.7}{100.0}$

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Uliminate Reduce OK-Adequate Increase Change

Counte Comments:

- 1. "More on concrete and cabinetry."
- 2. "The course could use a more detailed explanation of designing of structural steel and wood."
- 3. "More on interior wall finishes, trusses, installing garage doors, cabinets, design and layou" of stairs."
- 4. More on small business practices as in construction business.

 There are many things such as contracts, building permits, funding, approval of plans, etc."



Table XLVII Change Comments - continued

- 5. "More practical."
- 6. "Increase cabinets."
 - 7. "Increase the installation of cabinets."
 - 8. "Increase paneling and interior trim, installation of cabinets, and overview of small business practices."
 - 9. "Our class did not cover these areas properly, due to circumstances beyond our control. The steel seems to be too advanced, therefore a waste of time."
- 10. "Increase installation of cabinets and brief overview of small business practices."
- 11. "Add house wiring"
- 12. "Course in Building Construction covered most important points, but text and methods taught were out-dated and are not used in today's construction."



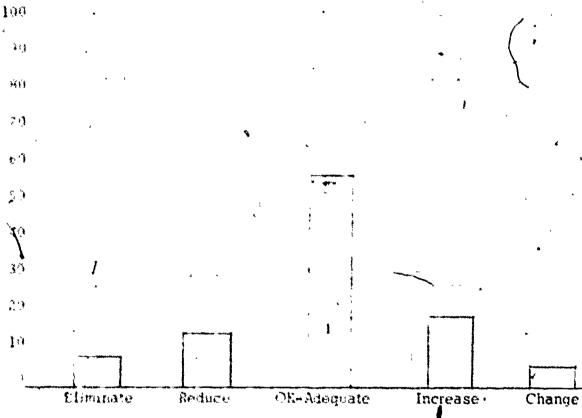
Tables XLVIII through LXXIII indicate Machine Tool Technology graduate responses, or ratings of all courses included in their curriculum. A majority of graduates indicated that 23 of the courses were OK/adequate, with smaller percentages indicating increases, reduction, or change. Elimination, or reduction was recommended for American Literature, while increases were recommended for Metal Fabrication I and II, and Machine Tool Technology 212. 20 specific changes were noted for 14 courses.



TABLE XIMIN

COMMUNICATIONS I

	Number	Percentage
Eliminate	^2 ,	7.7
'Reduce:	3	11.5
OK-Adequate) ~	57.7
Increase	5	.19.3
Charge	_1	3.8
		100.0
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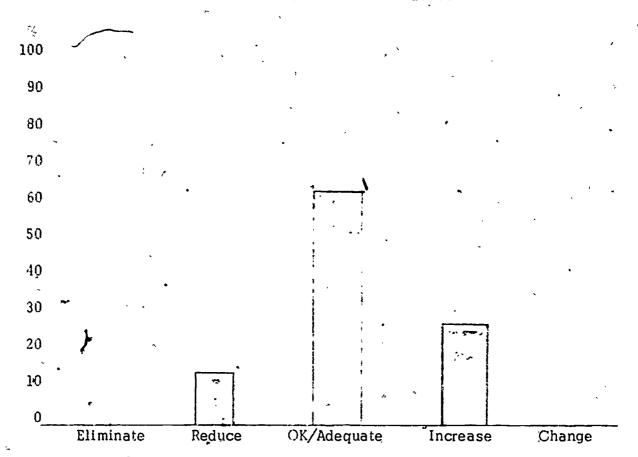
Change Comments:

1. "This material should have been learned in high school."

TABLE NLIX

COMMUNICATIONS II

	Number		Percentage
Eliminate	. 0		0.0
Reduce	3 .	•	11.5
OK-Adequate	16		61.5
. Increase.	7 .	•	27.0
Change	_0		0.0
	26 ·		100.0





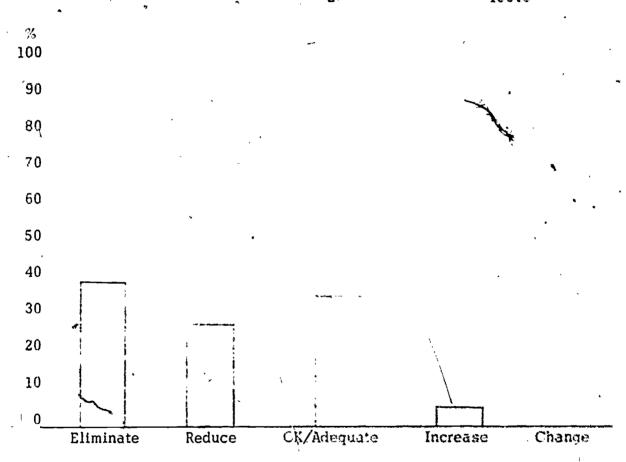
Change Comments:

1. "Increase descriptions and classifications."

MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY
TABLES XLVIII THROUGH LXXIII

TABLE LI

	Number	Percentage
Eliminate	10	37=0
Reduce	7	25.9
· OK/Adequate	3	33.3
Increase	1	3.8
Change	_0	0.0
- S-reference of the same of t	27	100.0



Change Comments:

~	the Roll	, l'elcentage
1 1 x gar is x -	1	3.7
Seg. 19	3	0.0
夢然為數分數	1 5	66.6
to the co		26.6
to estima	1	$\frac{3.7}{100.0}$

OE/Adequate Red ter-Increase Change

1. 'Spoils or required to take Machine Tool."

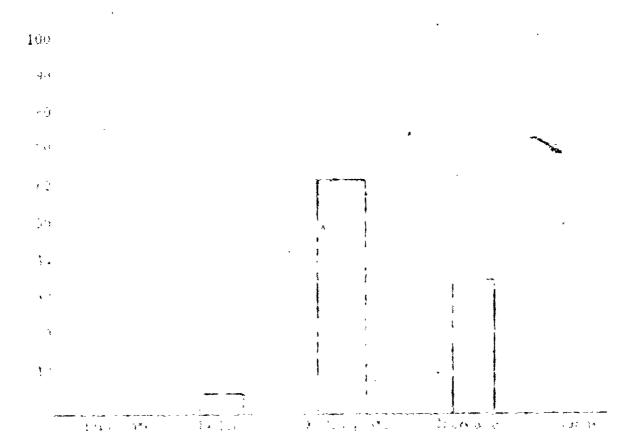
TABLU UIII

MATHEMAPICS II

				Number	Perc	entage	
		Eliminate		0		0.0	
		Reduce	,	1		3.7)
		OK/Adequate	е	16	5	9.3	
		Increase.		10	, 3	37.0	
	•	Change		$\frac{0}{27}$	10	0.0	•
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0	Eliminate	Reduce	OK/Ad	equate	Increase	Char	ngé

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	Humber	Percent age
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Beduce	7. ***	8.7
Cellatequare	1.4	60.9
Increase	7	30.4
Change	_0	0.0
	23	100.0

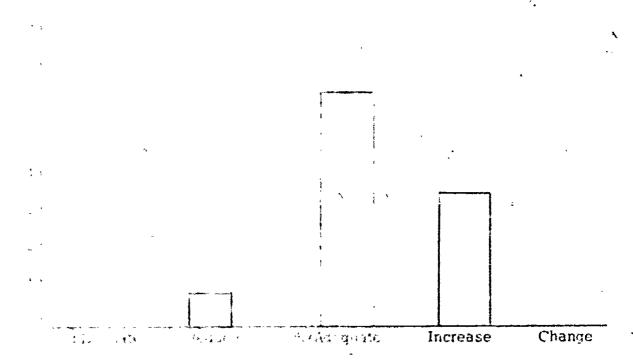
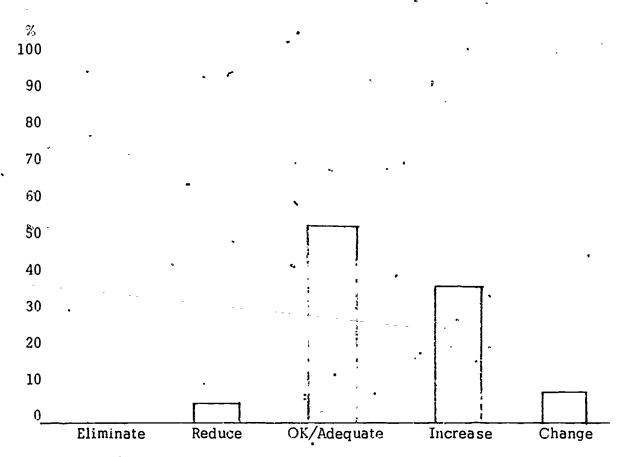


TABLE LVI

BLUEPRINT READING AND SKETCHING

	Number	Percentage
Eliminate	0	0.0
Reduce	1	3.4
OK/Adequate •	15	51.8
Increase	11	37.9
Change	$\frac{2}{29}$.	$\frac{6.9}{100.0}$



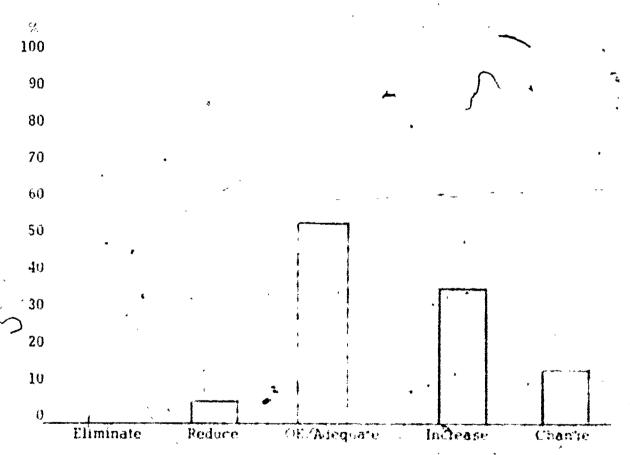
- Change Comments:
 1. "Little blueprint reading was offered."
 - 2. "Should apply to trade."



TABLE I VII

APPLIED TECHNICAL DRAWING

•	Number	<u>Percentage</u>
Eliminate	0	0.0
Reduce	1	3.4
OK/Adequate	15	51.8
Increase	10	34.4
Change	$\frac{3}{29}$	$\frac{10.4}{100.0}$



Change Comments:

- 1. "Less lecture more individual bein."
- 2. "Should apply to Machine Tool trade.

TABLE LYIII

ADVANCED TECHNICAL DRAWING

	Mumber	Percentage
Eliminate	1	4.0
Reduce	0	0.0
OK/Adequate .	16	64.0
* Increase	7	28.0
Change	. 25	$\frac{4.0}{100.0}$

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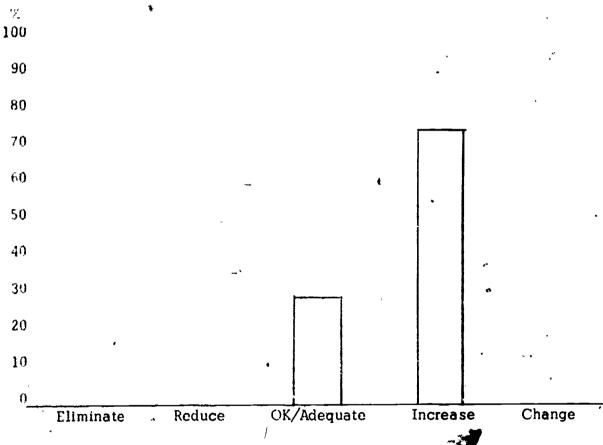
Canae Connents:

- 1. Tess lecture a more motionshall nelp.
- In "I make tamp centered as each orban himst circupoint better."

TABLE LIX

METALS FABRICATION I

	Number	Percentage
Eliminate	. 0	0.0
Reduce -	0	0.0
OK/Adequate	8	28.6
Increase	20	71.4
Change	<u>0</u> 28	$\frac{0.0}{100.0}$



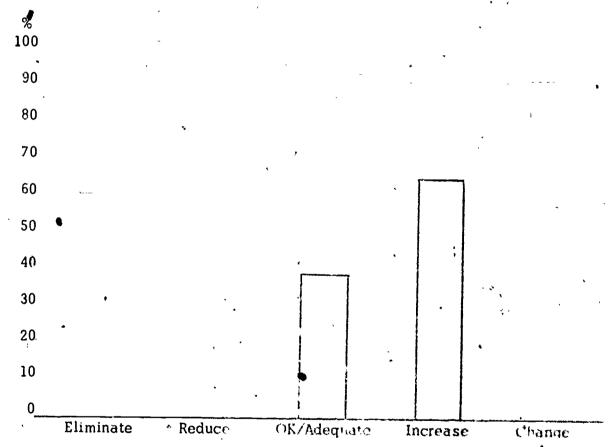
Change Comments:
1. "Add Heliarc"



TABLE LX

METALS FABRICATION II

	<u>Number</u>	Percentage
Eliminate	0	0.0
Reduce	0	, 0.0
OK/Adequate	10	√ 37.0 ·
Increase	17 -	63.0
Change	<u>0</u> 27	$\frac{0.0}{100.0}$



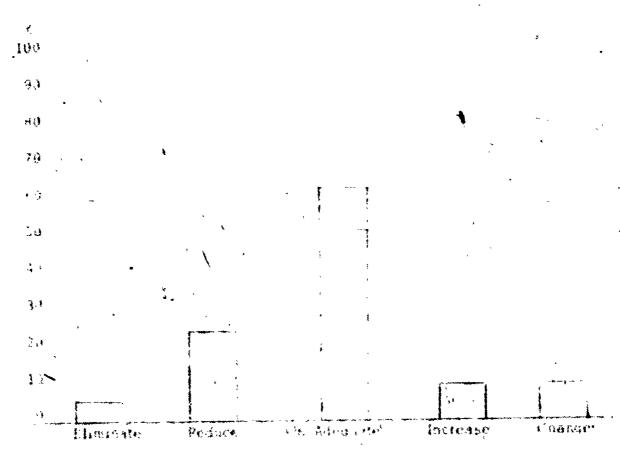
Change Comments:

None

TABLE IN

GENERAL PHYSICS I

 -	•	Numbe	er	Percentage	-
Ĩ.	Liminate	1		3.8	
F	Reduce	6		21.4	
(DK/Adequate	17	•	60.6	,
1	ncrease	2		7.1	
•	ncrease	$\frac{2}{28}$		$\frac{7.1}{100.0}$	
	•	 ·			



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GENERAL PHYSICS 1

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,	N mber	Percentage
"liminate [2	7.4
Reduce	5	18.5
CK/Adequate	15	55,5
therease	2	7.4
Change	3 27	$\frac{11.2}{100.0}$

155 ٤,, Ol. 'Adequa'r Reduce Change * har sont. Increase

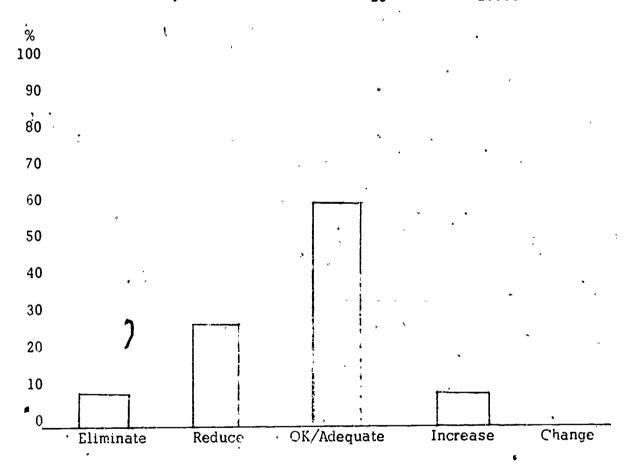
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TABLE LXIII

TECHNICAL PHYSICS

	Number	Percentage
Eliminate	2	8.0
Reduce	6	24.0
OK/Adequate	15	60.0
Increase	2	8.0
Change	_0	0.0
. 1	25	100.0



Change Comments:
 1. "Should change to Electronics II course."



TABLE LXIV

TECHNICAL PHYSICS H

1	Number	Percentage
Eliminate	2	8.7
Reduce	5	21.8
OK/Adequate	14	60.9
Increase	1	4.3
Change	$\frac{1}{23}$	$\frac{4.3}{100.0}$

% 100 90 . 80 70 60 50 40 30 . 20 10 Eliminate Red Lee (N'Adequate Increase Change

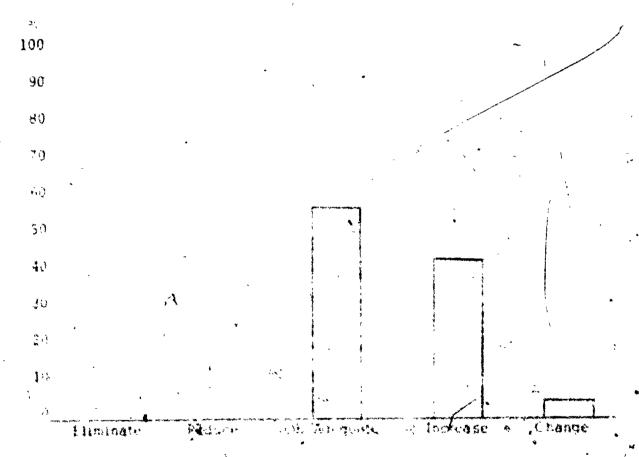
Change Comment of None



TABLE LXV

STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

		Number	Percentage
-	Eliminate	. 0	0.0
	Reduce	0	0.0
	OK/Adequate `	16	55.2
	Increase	12	41.4
	Change	$\frac{-1}{29}$	$\frac{3.4}{100.0}$



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TABLE LXVI

PHYSICAL EPUCATION

•			Numbe	ŗ	Percentag	e
	Eliminate		1		4.2	
	Reduce		3		12.5	
	OK/Adequate		15		62.5	
	Increase		5	1	20.8	
	Change		$\frac{0}{24}$	ì	0.0	
% 100			24		100.0	
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BUSINESS MANAGEMENT I

	•	Number	Percentage
	Eliminate	0	0.9
	Reduce	7	i.4
	OK/Adequate	17	6.4.6
	Increase	4	23,*
	Change	$\frac{3}{27}$	0.02
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	Humber	Percentage
Liminate	5 1	19.2
Reduce	1	3.8
Citi-Adequate	15	57.8
Increase	5	19.2
67次複数(16)	$\frac{0}{26}$	$\frac{0.0}{100.0}$

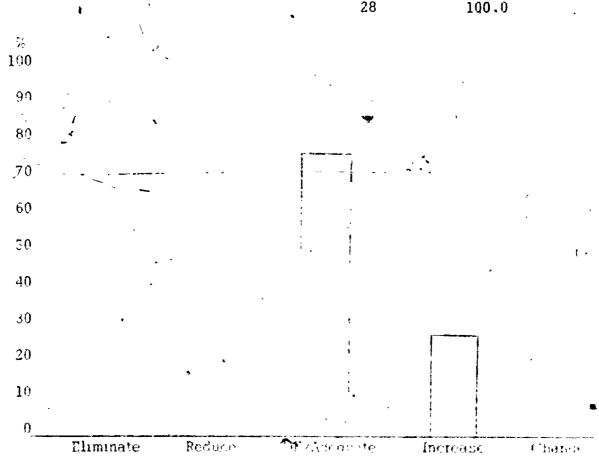
Linuary Programme Increase Change

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TABLE LXX

MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY - MTT 111

· ·		. <u>Number</u>	Percentage .
	Eliminate	0	0.0
*	Reduce	O	0.0
	OK/Adequate	21	75.0
	Increase	7	25.0
}	Change	<u>0</u>	$\frac{0.0}{100.0}$



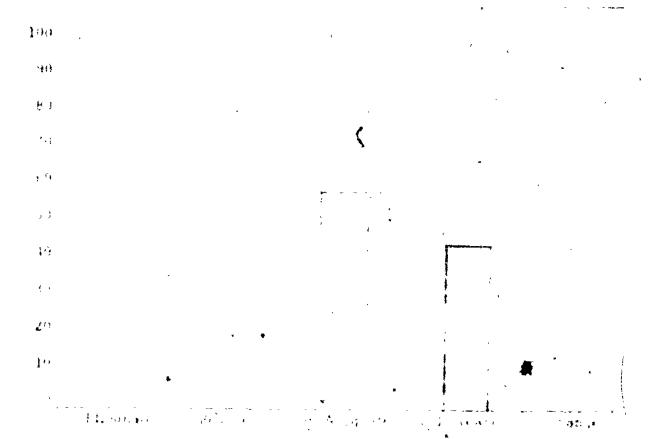
Change Comments: None



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	Runber	Percentage
Eliminate	o T	0.0
Reduce	· ·	0.0
OR/Adequate	17	58.2
Increase	12	#1.4
Ehange	$\frac{9}{29}$	<u>0,a</u> 106, 9



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TABLE LEVIL

MACHINE TOUR TECHNOLOGY - MIT 211

•	Number .	Percentage *
Eliminate	0	. 0.0
Reduce	2	7.4
OK/Adequate	19	70.4
Increase .	ŧ,	22.2
·Change	. 0	0.0
•	27	100.0

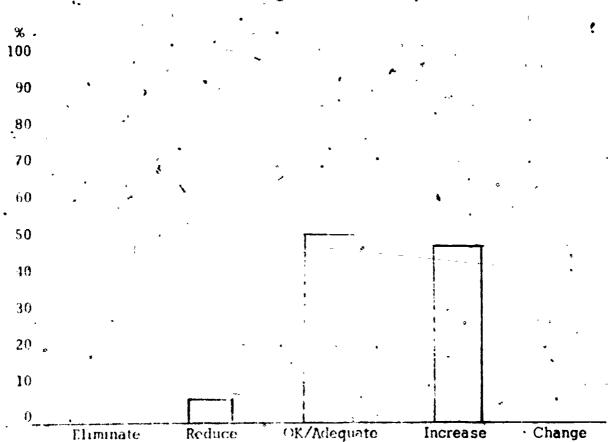
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TABLE LXXIII

MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY - MTT 212

	Number -	Percentage
Eliminate	. 0	0.0
Reduce .	r	3.6
OK/Adequate 1	· 14	50.0
Increase	13	46.4
Change	· · · 28	$\frac{0.0}{100.0}$



Change Comments: .

- 1. "Increase very much"
- 2. "Reduce time spent on tool and die design."
- 3. "Hydraulics and Numerical Centrol are the coming things."



VI INVESTIGATOR AND EMPLOYER REACTIONS

Investigators found graduates and employers receptive to visitations. Employers were most helpful in assessing employees, and providing time for the investigator and graduate indepth interviews.

Graduates interviewed in both Building Construction and Machine Tool Technology were gainfully employed and working in the fields for which they were trained, or in one closely related to it. Investigators did discern an interest in returning to school in order to keep up-to-date in their field, and this position was supported by employers.

Impressions of both investigators, and reinforced by employers, was the need for continual attention to course content, and to maintain relevancy to the actual trade, or occupational area. Numerous comments were made by graduates indicating concern in this area, and the fear that courses in the trade areas were departing from their original intent - relevant occupational preparation. Most indicated that the first year courses were satisfactory, while second year courses were in need of revision. This fact is also apparent in Section V - Curriculum Evaluations.

As a phase of relevancy, a number of employers and students indicated that instructors should attempt to keep themselves up-to-date in their trade areas. Trade areas were identified as very competitive, and that newer methods and techniques were being introduced, necessitating continual program review and up-dating.

Most comments regarding the programs were reflective of the present position held by the graduate—and their employment requirements.

The cross section of graduates interviewed represented a wide variety of jobs and job requirements. Graduates appeared to be happy and satisfied with their role and position, at least for the present.



VII SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The data gethered within the limitations of this study seems to support the following conclusions concerning the graduates of the Building Construction and Machine Tool, Technology programs at the Southern Maine Vocational-Technical Institute.

- 1. A majority of graduates who responded to the follow-up study were diploma graduates. *
 - 2. All individuals responding were currently employed with a majority from both curriculum areas working in the trade area for which they were prepared, or one closely related to it. 78.2% in Machine Tool Technology and 87.9% in Building Construction.
 - 3. 38.6% of the Building Construction graduates and 65.7% of the Machine Tool Technology graduates had pursued additional training or education since graduation from the Southern Maine Vocational-Technical Institute.
 - 4. The majority of graduates have held one job since graduation.
 - \$. 87.9% of the Building Construction graduates and 78.2% of the Machine Tool Technology graduates held jobs related to their training.
 - A majority of graduates rated their education curriculum as very
 repd or excellent, while 28.3 rated the programs as adequate.
 - 1. 13.97 of the Machine Tool Technology graduates and 73.2% of those in Building Construction found it easy to adapt to industrial equipment. Small percentages had some difficulty, while there were none that found it difficult to adapt.
 - We also style of respondents fall that the equipment in use at the Webstional Technical institute was similar to that used on the teb. A small percentage = 27.3 felt the equipment was superfor, and to indicates that it was interior to that found on the tob.
 - f. Sespondents indicate a special satisfaction with quality of instruction. MARIS of the Building Construction specialos. and 96.43 of there is Marrise I at Theoretics rated instruction as yet; well.

- 10. Instructors were rated as very knowledgeable by 90.2% of the Building Construction graduates and 93.1% of those in Machine Tool Technology.
- 11. Instructors interest in student work and progress was noted as being well above average with greater interest shown by Machine Tool instructors.
- 12. 79.6% of the Building Construction graduates and 79.3% of those in Machine Tool Technology rated their instructors as up-to-date.
- 13. \$3.3% of the graduates of the Building Construction program, and 74.1% of those in Machine Tool Technology would select the same curriculum area if they started over again.
- 14. Assistance in obtaining a first job was provided from a number of sources with instructors providing services to 25-30% of the graduates.
- 15. A large majority of graduates did not avail themselves of school and community services. Of those Building Construction graduates who responded, most rated the services as good, some excellent, and a few in the poor category. The Machine Tool Technology graduates were much more critical of the services provided.

 Although many indicated they were good, a larger number checked the poor category, with fewer responses as excellent.
- 16. Students were generally satisfied with their curriculums, however many specific recommendations were provided for consideration.
- 17. A majority of participants are desirous of up-grading, retraining and continuing education.
- 18. Fourteen of the twenty-four courses identified as the Building Construction program were rated as OK-Adequate. Elimination, or reductions were recommended for American Literature and General Physics I and II, while increases were recommended for Business Management I, Blueprint Reading and Sketching, Architectural Drafting, Surveying and Building Construction-BC212. 62 specific changes were noted for 19 courses.
- 19. Twenty-three courses offered in the Machine Tool Technology program were rated as OK/Adequate. Elimination, or reduction was recommended for American Literature, while increases were recommended for Metal Fabrication I and II and Machine Tool Technology 212. 20 specific changes were noted for 14 courses.



20. Investigators found employees and employers generally satisfied with program graduates. Concern was noted with continued program relevancy to the trade of occupational areas.

VIII RECOMMENDATIONS

Recommendations which appear pertinent related to the findings and data:

- 1. Instructors should review the changes noted under specific courses for their curricula implications.
- 2. Changes recommended for programs as related to content should be reviewed with implications for course revision and/or creation of new course offerings.
- 3. Areas of interest expressed under up-grading, retraining and continuing education should be reviewed for possible implications for current curricula offerings.
- 4. Areas of interest expressed under up-grading, retraining and continuing education should be reviewed for potential course offerings in the Adult, or Continuing Education program.
- s. Procedures should be established to assure course relevancy.
- An attempt should be made to locate those graduates who did not respond to the study in order to ascertain their current employment and sentiments regarding courses and program pursued. This information should assist in determining the validity of responses revealed in this study.
 - If another products to be combicted, shorten the survey instrument, and make the other, and crinting cannot be mistaken." for Winnermail.

TOPE WELLY

- A. LETTERS TO GRADUATES
- B. FOLLOW-UP QUESTIONNAIRE
- C. BUILDING CONSTRUCTION CURRICULUM Evaluation Check List
- D. MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY CURRICULUM Evaluation Check List
- E. GRADUATE DIRECTORY
 - 1. Building Construction
 - 2. Machine Tool Technology



Southern Waine Vocational Jechnical Institute
FORT ROAD . SOUTH FORTLAND MAINE 04106 . TELEPHONE 700-7303

Dear SMVTI Alumnus:

We are currently conducting a follow-up study of past graduates of the Building Construction and Machine Tool Technology programs.

We are soliciting your assistance in determining relevancy of our programs to employment needs. Please complete the enclosed opinionnaire and return in the enclosed envelope.

Your responses will be kept confidential and only summaries will be published. Therefore, please be honest.

Thank you for your assistance with the project.

Miliam G. Tarren

Dean of Instruction

WCW:1c



Southern White Varienis Technical Institute

WILLIAM C WARREN

Dear SMVTI Alumnus:

We are currently conducting a follow-in study of past craduates of the Building Construction and Machine Tool fechnology programs:

We are soliciting your astactored in determining the relevancy of our programs to employmen needs. Please complete the emblosed oninconnains and return. In the near future, Mr. Redney Gray, is tructor in Rushding Construction, will call on you, answer arm quott one you may have, and collect the opinionsaire.

Your responses will be known and district only summaries will implicitly a surveyor, always be belest.

think you fare one a second of the feet.

W.W:le



Southern Maine Vocational Technical Institute UTH PORTLAND, MAINE 04106

Dear SMVTI Alumnus:

We are currently conducting a follow-up study of past graduates of the Building Construction and Machine Tool Technology programs.

We are soliciting your assistance in determining the relevancy of our programs to employment needs. Please complete the enclosed opinionnaire and return. In the near future, Mr. Wilbur Hall, instructor in Machine Tool Technology, will call on you, answer any questions you may have, and . collect the opinionnaire.

Your responses will be kept confidential and only summaries will be published. Therefore, please be honest.

Sinceral

Thank you for your assistance with the project.

Lam C. Warren

Dean of Instruction

WCW:1c



Southern Maine Vocational Jechnical Institute

- FOLLOW - UP - STUDY

•	ding Construction Associate Diploma	· .	
Mac	nine Tool Technology Year Graduated _		•
		•	
I. P	RSONAL INFORMATION	٠.	
A,			
В		•	
. C	Street Address	••	٠.
	. Town County State . Zip	•	
. D.			*
	^ \		
	Town County State Zip		
II.	DDITIONAL TRAINING		
۸.	Since graduating, what further educational training have you taken in? (You may check more than one)	part	
	None ·	-	
	On-the-job training (employer-sponsored training program)		
	Vocational school programs	<u>چ</u>	
	University, college and/or junior college programs	•	
	Apprenticeship		
	Other	(specify)	
, È∙	Major field of study (if continuing education) .		
C.	Number of years or months	•	
щ.	EMPLOYMENT INFORMATION - Present Status	•	
Α.	Are you presently employed, unemployed or unavailable for employment (Check only one of employed, unemployed, or unavailable for employment	t? ent) `	
	Employed	•	
	Unemployed (you are actively looking for a job but cannot find o	one)	
•	Unavailable for employment (you cannot accept a job for one of t following reasons. Please check appropriate reason.)	the	
	Further training or education		
	Illness		
	Housewife or pregnancy	1 .3	^
ERIO	Presently not working and not interested in employment other	10	V,

Pollow	-Up Study ,- 2 *	•
.` 	OB INFORMATION - Include Armed Forces (Supply information on all jobs held since graduation)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
٨.	First Job	Check One:
	Firm name	Full-time job
	Firm address c	Part-time job
,	City	Check One:
	State Zip Code	Job related to
	Approximate number of employees in company	vocational training
*	Job title	Job not related to vocational training
	Job duties	
•	/ <u> </u>	Number of months in this job since graduation
		Job Strice diadractor
	Immediate supervisor	•
B _e	Second Job	Check One:
	Firm name	Full-time job
	Firm address	Part-time job
6'	'City'	Check One:
•	State Zip Code	Job related to
	Approximate number of employees in company	vocational training
•	Job title	Job not related to vocational training
	Job duties	
	*	Number of months in this job since graduation
)
_	Immediate supervisor	•
<i>i</i> C •	Present Job (job you are presently employed in. If same as first job, write 'same.')	Marily Out
	Firm name	Check Cne:
	Firm address	Full-time jobPart-time job
	City	Check One:
•	State Zip Code	Job related to
	Approximate number of employees in company .	vocational training
	Job title	Job not related to



Job duties_

Immediate supervisor

vocational training

Number of months in this. job since graduation

-98-Follow-Up Study - 3 D. . If you are not employed in area for which you were trained, please indicate why: O P I N I O N N A I R E Directions: Please answer all the following questions concerning the quality of the curriculum and the quality of the facilities and equipment associated with the program from which you graduated. Place an "X" in the appropriate space. CURRICULUM In light of your experience on the job, how do you feel about the skill training you received in your vocqtional-technical program? Excellent Very good Idequate Inadequate Does not apply FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT The equipment in my vocational-technical program was such that: I found it very easy to adapt to the equipment on the job. I had some problems adapting to the equipment on the job. I found it very difficult to adapt to the equipment on the job. Does not apply. In comparison to the facilities and equipment used on your present job, how would you rate your vocational-technical program equipment? The vocational-technical equipment was superior to that on the job. The vocational-technical equipment was similar to that on the job. The vocational-technical equipment was inferior to that on the job. VII. INSTRUCTION A. 'How would you rate the teaching quality of the instructors in your vocational training program? The instructor thught very well. About the same as other instructors. The instructors did not teach well. How would you rate the knowledge your vocational instructors possessed B. about their field? Instructors were very knowledgeable. About the same as other instructors. Instructors were not knowledgeable.

Anstructors were very interested in my progress. Instructors were somewhat interested in my progress. Instructors were not interested in my progress.

progress in your vocational program?.

C. How would you rate the interest shown by your instructors in your work

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Follow	-Up Study - 4.	. !		43		٥	
VII.	INSTRUCTION (Contin	ued)		•			
. D.	How would you rat program were up-t	e the extent to co-date in their	which your : field?	instructors	s in you	r vocation	nal
•	About the sam	ere up-to-date. e as other instr ere not up-to-da			•	i Ir	ž •
viii.	If you could start training program?	all over again,YesNo	would you o	choose the	same vo	cational	
	Comment: ,	•	1	ž			•
	·	•				;	
· IX. sa	CHOOL AND COMMUNETY	SERVICES .					
A.	How would you rate your work and pro-	the interest's gress after grad	nown by your uation?	vocationa	l instr	ctors in	
		ed in progress rested in progres l in progress	3s				
B•	Private employ Relatives or i State employme Other	other vocations ment agency riends	al-technica	personnel		•	ecify)
C •	How would you rate wocational instructional instructional instruction the service was not one space for each	the quality of tors? If you di t available, che	the followi d not take	ng service advantage	s as pro of the s	ervice. o	rif
	•		•	Excellent ' Good	oor	Does not apply	
*	1. Job placement.	• • • • • • •		<u> —</u>			
		h personal probl	•			•,	,
•		career decision	7				
		ng part-time emp		— <i>ي</i> —	,	***	4
•	5. Help in obtain	ing financial as	sistance • •				,

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Recreational programs. .

Study, library and other learning resource facilities • • • • • •

Follow-Up Study - 5

	TOOL TO	nanges wo echnology	program	recommen ns?	d for the	Building	Construction of	or Machin
	• •)		•	*	•	•	
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	4			•			•	
Α.	Are you	interes	ted in p	areicipa	ting in:			•
Α.	1:	Upgradin Retraini related	ng cours ing cour occupat	es to re ses refl ional de	inforce/su ecting new	ver technio	r employment. ques, newer pr	
Α.	$\frac{1}{2}$.	Upgradin Retraini related Continui	ng cours ing cour occupat ing educ eer adva	es to re ses refl ional de	inforce/suecting new velopments a more ge	ver technio	r employment. ques, newer pr ure to allow f	
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в.	1. 2. 3. 4. What ty	Upgrading Retraining related Continuing and care No interpret of course	ng cours ing cour occupat ing educ eer adva rest.	es to re ses reflional de ation of ncement.	inforce/suecting new velopments a more go	ver technion.	ques, newer prure to allow f	For promo
В.	1. 2. 3. 4. What ty	Upgrading Retraining related Continuing and care No interpret of course	ng cours ing cour occupat ing educ eer adva rest.	es to re ses reflional de ation of ncement.	inforce/suecting new velopments a more go	ver technion.	ques, newer prure to allow f	For promo
в.	1. 2. 3. 4. What ty	Upgrading Retraining related Continuing and care No interpret of course	ng cours ing cour occupat ing educ eer adva rest.	es to re ses reflional de ation of ncement.	inforce/suecting new velopments a more go	ver technion.	ques, newer prure to allow f	For promo
A.	$\frac{1}{2}$.	Upgrading Retraining related Continuity and care	ng cours ing cour occupat ing educ eer adva	es to re ses refl ional de ation of	inforce/suecting new velopments a more ge	ver technio	ques, newer pr	



BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

CURRICULUM EVALUATION

In the light of your experience on the job, how do you feel about the training you received at SMVTI?

	you rect about the cramming you received at Milita.		•
	Below are descriptions of courses offered in Building Constructions for those you pursued, evaluate by checking the appropriate lat the right of each question.	xti	on•
<u>Key</u> :	EliminateDo away with the requirement for all Building Construction students to satisfactorily complete the course.	:e	\$
	ReduceLower the amount of time devoted to the course.	,	
*	OK-adequateAppears to be appropriate.	1	
* -	IncreaseIncrease the amount of time devoted to the cour	:se•	
,	Change	le.	1
••••••		,	٠
of commuterms; factors technic	ONS I - Review of the fundamentals of grammar; correction non errors, spelling and usage, especially of technical punctuation, sentence structure, paragraph structure; s of unity, coherence and emphasis in composition; que of writing clear, concise, accurate and effective as communications. 3 credit hours.	()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
COMMUNICATIO	ONS II - Emphasis on improving the student's ability to	()	Eliminate
read an Special includi and int attribu	id comprehend material of various levels of complexity. techniques of technical report writing are presented, ing the use of definitions descriptions, classifications interpretation. Attention is directed to the various ites of the report, such as clarity, conciseness and iteness. 3 credit hours.	()	Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
ENGLISH COMP	OSITION - Review of grammar, sentence structure, paragraph	()	Eliminate
structu concise busines report classif types o	wre and composition with emphasis on unity, coherence and eness; the technique of writing accurate and effective is communications. Intensive work in the area of technical writing will include the use of definitions, descriptions, ications and interpretation. The student will read various of material, including essays and short stories, at different of complexity with emphasis on comprehens. In. 3 credit hours.	()	Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
MERICAN LIT	ERATURE - A study of American Literature enabling the	()	Eliminate.
student	to read short stories critically, to examine American	()	Reduce



' OK-adequate

() Increase

() Change

novels based on a study of the elements of scale, thematic motifs,

positions of emphasis, intention and interpretation, structure and

the final synthesis. 3 credit hours.

diland Construction - 2	ı	۲,	1	-
 fractional equations bri mnometric functi 	MOMETRY - Eundamental ope ; exponents and radicals; ons; determinants, higher d oblique triangles and s	algebraic and	() ()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
ATHEMATICS I - Introduct . geometry and telgono.	ion to the Fundamentals o	f arithmetic, algebra,	()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
quadratic equations. logs, application of	special products and factorists. Introduction logarithms. Trigonometry through the solving of objections.	on, computation by	() () .()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
reading of architects	This is course ural working drawings, but intimately related to the credit hours.	ilt on basic	()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
 drafting; including p and architectural representations for experience in line 	DRAFTING - Introduction plans, elevations, section presentation. Early exercisework, lettering, geometricaphic projection principles	ning, dimensioning, cises will provide cic relationships.	(4)	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
diffice to fit a part set of working drawin construction. Each pability to gather per principles learned in	In this course, the studenticular lot of ground and case and specifications necessions in the student controlling data, a earlier architectural draprofessional attitude.	develop a complete cessary for its crease the student's to apply the cawing courses and	()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
universe in the area vector composition an work, energy, power a	y of the basic physical p of mechanics; covering me d resolution, equilibrium nd rotary motion, with ap blems. Related weekly la	asurements, forces, , kinetics, dynamics, plications in	()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
the areas of heat, cl	dy of the basic principle ectricity, squad and lightical problems. Related we hours.	t, with applications eakly laboratory	()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change

Lui	lding Construction - 3		*	•		
TEC	relationships in most standing of these in experiments. 4 cree	manice, with empha colving tecnnical	cir on applying	an under-	(p)	Elimenate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
	basic relationships emphasic on applying problems. Weekly relationships basic on applying problems. Weekly related to strain as related to of torsion and other	in heat, cound, ele an understandin; a lated experiments. basic non-calculus connections, beam	ectricity and li of these in solv 4 credit hours c analysis of st	ght, with ing technical.		Eliminate Reduce On adoquate Increase Change Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
	EYING - Introduction transit, dumpy level procedures include b and grade staking. ICAL ED XATIO: - This offers students a wind during leighter time.	, tapes and allied enchmark leveling, 3 credit hours. course is a fecreade variety of actives well as providir	profile leveling ation oriented profile that can be the opportunity the opportunity of th	rogram that be used \ ty to achieve		Eliminate Reduce 9K-adequate Increase Change Eliminate Reduce 0K-adequate
BUSI	at a level of physic fitness and health. NESS MANAGEMENT I - Openion of the physic system. Corelating to business organization, market	l credit hour. ientation in the e ure places emphasi nature, environm	economics of the s on the following the contract of the contra	American	();	Increase Change Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
ECON	OMICS - This is a and are related to social and procedures for procedures for procedures are resource base. 3 cro	l predi. This cour coviding for hyman	se examines the	∌ractices `	() (Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
IUFĀAI	of psychological prip personal habits that leaders and good neig	ciples, attitudes make them efficien	toward work and t employees, eff	people; ective	() [Eliminate Reduce DK-adequate Increase Change



DC-111 - Machine and tool safety. House tramings exection of fatherboards, use of lawely, building regular. The and window training, stair construction, practical use of fraction pract, lot and found-thion layout and the of transit. Lanter standards: lamber , grades, uses measurement, buying and estimations resealed needs. Roof Framing: Troof decign and thers, refuse and roof flashings. 7 credit hours.

) Eliminate.) Reduce () OK-adequate () Increase . () Change

112 - Roof framing (continuer from 1st susceter), roof covering, basic cornice and rake construction, rough stair construction, insulation principles including ventilation, dry wall construction with emphasic on gypcum wall application, concrete, Accation and installation of door hardware, exterior trim, Siding and estimating for all material needs. 7 enedic hours.

() Eliminate () Reduce / () OK-adequate

() Increase (') Change

Linterfor finites application at dry wall, lath and playter, Insulating for neits and so and a maral. In study and prostitue of interior wall laid we. Hely and postdicentral: the stoly of acousties and countrel of rail, estimating head loss and the evaluation of enoughting and liabs. Dutifilm and installing thusing. Installing out on Arc. Pouler on the multi-and renatruction of sublaction for an exciton. To redit hours.

() Eliminate

() Reduce () OX-adequate () Increase

(_) Change

212 - Pricing one interior with the and explication of panels, mouldings, doo, and in a transfer and plantouing: recharing of plumbing at tyle action forth you it welled understandings. Install at for it is in the second of the fine fine of the second of the se Let & the serve , extent ... out reinforcement wood. Dris Cove sieur of J. Into a resting for Ditang

() Eliminate

() Reduce

() OK-adequate () Increase

() Change

MACHINE TOOL TECHNOLOGY

CUPRICULUM EVALUATION

In the light of your experience on the job, how do you feel about the training you received at SMVII?

' The sees mean and maximal lon statistical de militi	,
DIRECTIONS: Below are descriptions of courses offered in the Machine 1 program. For those you pursued, evaluate by checking the at the right of each question.	ool Technology appropriate box
Key: Eliminate Do away with the requirement for all Machine students to satisfactorily complete the cour	: Tool
Reduce	:5e•
OK-adequateAppears to be appropriate.	
Increase Increase the amount of time devoted to the c	ourse.
Changes———Inappropriate to program; changes should be Please indicate changes in space provided.	made.

COMMUNICATIONS I - Review 3: the furtamentals of grammar, correction of common errors, spelling and usage, especially of technical terms; punctuation, sentence structure, paragraph structure; factors of unity, coherence and emphasis in composition; technique of writing clear, concise, accurate and effective business communications. 3 credit hours	() Reduce () OK-adequate
communications II - Emphasis on improving the student's ability to read and comprehend material of various levels of complexity. Special techniques of technical report writing are presented, including the use of definitions, descriptions, classifications, and interpretations. Attention is directed to the various attributes of the report, such as clarity, consideress and completeness. 3 credit hours.	() Eliminate () Reduce () OK-adequate () Increase () Change
ENGLISH COMPOSITION - Review of grammar; sentence structure, paragraph structure and composition with emphasis on unity, coherence and conciseness; the technique of writing accurate and effective business communications. Intensive work in the area of technical report writing will include the use of definitions, descriptions, classifications, and interpretation. The student will read various types of material, including essays and short stories at different levels of complexity with emphasis on comprehension. 3 credit hours.	() Eliminate () Reduce () OK-adequate () Increase () Change
AMERICAN LITERATURE - A study of American literature enabling the student to read chart stories critically, to examine American novels based on a study of the elements of scale, thematic motifs, positions of emphasis, intention and interpretation structure and the final synthesis. 3 credit hours.	() Eliminate () Reduce- () OK-asequate () Increase () Change
Geometry and trigonometry. A credit hours.	() Eliminate () Reduce () OR-adequate

Machine Tool Technology - 2

MATHEMATICS II - Algebra: special products and factoring, through quadratic equations. Logarithms: introduction, computation by logs, application of logarithms. Trigonometry: functions of angles of any size, through the solving of oblique triangles. 3 credit hours.	_)	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
TRIGONOMETRY - A review of trigonometric functions, right and oblique triangles, and selected topics and problems from trigonometry, principally for MTT students. 2 credit hours.	.()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
COLLEGE ALGEBRA AND TRIGONOMETRY - Fundamental operations; linear and fractional equations; exponents and radicals; algebraic and trigonometric functions; determinants; higher degree equations; logarithms, right and oblique triangles and selected topics. 4 credit hours.	()))	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
of sketching and reading of blueprints, built on basic principles which are related to the trade interests of the students. 2 credit hours.	1000)	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
APPLIED TECHNICAL DRAWING - Advance problems in interpretation of blue- prints and other graphic media; practice in producing drawings suitable for reproduction and practice in the application of graphic analysis to the solution of physical problems. 3 credit hours.)))	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
ADVANCED TECHNICAL DRAWING - Individual drawing problems pertinent to the field of machine design, and manufacture and additional material related to the technical specialty of the student.	· · · · · ·)	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
of welding as it applies to the various trades offered at the school. The approach to welding is as a related subject, stressing the fundamentals of both are welding and oxy-acetylene welding and how are welding can be best utilized by the trades involved. 2 credit hours.	(()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
WETALS FABRICATION II - This course is a technician level study of welding as it applies to the various trades offered at the school. The approach to welding is as a related subject, stressing the fundamentals-of arc welding and how arc welding can be best utilized by the trades involved. 2 credit hours.	((()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
in the area of mechanics; covering measurements, forces, vector composition and resolution, equilibrium kinematics, dynamics, work, energy, power and rotary motion, with applications in solving technical problems. Related weekly laboratory experiments. 4 credit hours.	111)	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change



Machine Tool Technology - 3		
GENERAL PHYSICS II - A study of the basic principles of the universe in the areas of heat, electricity, sound and light, with applications used in solving technical problems. Related weekly laboratory experiments. 4 credit hours.	ons() ()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
TFC TCAL PHYSICS I - A non-calculus approach to the analysis of basic relationships in mechanics, with emphasis on applying an understanding of these in solving technical problems. Weekly related experiments. 4 credit hours.	- () ()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
TECHNICAL PHYSICS II - A non-calculus approach to the analysis of the basic relationships in heat, sound, electricity and light, with emphasis on applying an understanding of these in solving technical problems. Weekly related experiments. 4 credit hours.	r ()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
STRENGTH OF MATERIALS - A basic non-calculus analysis of stress and retrain as related to connections, beams, columns, consideration of torsion and other applications. 3 credit hours.	() (),	Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
PHYSICAL EDUCATION - This tourse is a recreation oriented program that offers students a wide variety of activities that can be used during leisure time as well as providing the opportunity to achieve at a level of physical endurance that enables the student to enjoy fitness and health. 1 credit hour.	() () ()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
BUSINESS MANAGEMENT I - Orientation in the economics of the American Pusiness system. Course places emphasis on the following factors relating to business: nature, environment, ownership, management, organization, marketing and operational factors. 3 credit hours.	()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
are related to social needs. This course examines the practices and procedures for providing for human satisfaction from a limited resource base. 3 credit hours.	()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change
of psychological principles, attitudes toward work and people; personal habits that make them efficient employees, effective leaders and good neighbors, on and off the job. 3 credit hours.	()	Eliminate Reduce OK-adequate Increase Change



Machine Tool Technology - 4

MTT-111 - The first semester teaches orientation with human relations in the shop with good safe working habits. Emphasis is on standard machine shop machine design, construction and maintenance. Basic drill press, lathe, shaper and milling machine operations are practiced. 7 credit hours.	() Eliminate () Reduce () OK-adequate () Increase () Change
MTT-112 - Emphasis is on advanced machine operations with closer tolerances, involving projects designed to cause students to be more aware of the efficient use of the time element. Operation of vertical prain and universal milling machines, including flat surface, angular and circular set-ups, uses of various accessories, including dividing heads for plain, angular and differential indexing; jug boring, stressing precise hole location, finish and size. 7 credit hours.	() Eliminate () Reduce () OK-adequate () Increase () Change
various ferrous and non-ferrous metals and alloy types, including allotropy, alloy effect, equilibrium phase diagrams, heat treatment of various metals, alloy analysis, preparation and examination of samples. Hardness and tensile strength demonstrations. 7 credit hours.	() Eliminate () Reduce () OK-adequate () Increase () Change
of fluid power, familiarization with component construction, operation and maintenance of fluid power systems. The two unit Tool and Die Design covers construction, types and uses, die materials, heat treating and machining. 7 credit hours.	() Eliminate () Reduce () OK-adequate () Increase () Change



PAGES 114 THROUGH 120 CONTAINING THE NAMES

AND ADDRESSES OF THE GRADUATES STUDIED WERE

REMOVED FROM THIS DOCUMENT PRIOR TO ITS BEING
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